

reported that the Organization continued to commit similar tax refund fraud schemes in 2009 and 2010, including the theft of millions of dollars more in fraudulent refunds authorized by Moscow Tax Office 28 and routed through a bank registered at the same address as KLYUEV's bank USB.

72. In August of 2011, the Russian General Prosecutor's Office reopened the criminal case against Magnitsky, almost two years after his death. Magnitstky was charged with tax evasion in the first known posthumous prosecution in Russian history. On July 11, 2013, Magnitsky was convicted.

73. On December 14, 2012, President Barack Obama signed the Sergei Magnitsky Rule of Law Accountability Act of 2012, which directs the President to create, and publish in the Federal Register to the extent unclassified, a list of persons who, inter alia, were responsible for the detention, abuse, or death of Sergei Magnitsky; participated in efforts to conceal the legal liability for the detention, abuse, or death of Sergei Magnitsky; financially benefitted from the detention, abuse, or death of Sergei Magnitsky; or were involved in the criminal conspiracy uncovered by Sergei Magnitsky. See Pub. L. No. 112-208, 126 Stat. 1496.

74. On April 12, 2013, the United States Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control published the list called for by the Act, which includes, among others, KARPOV,