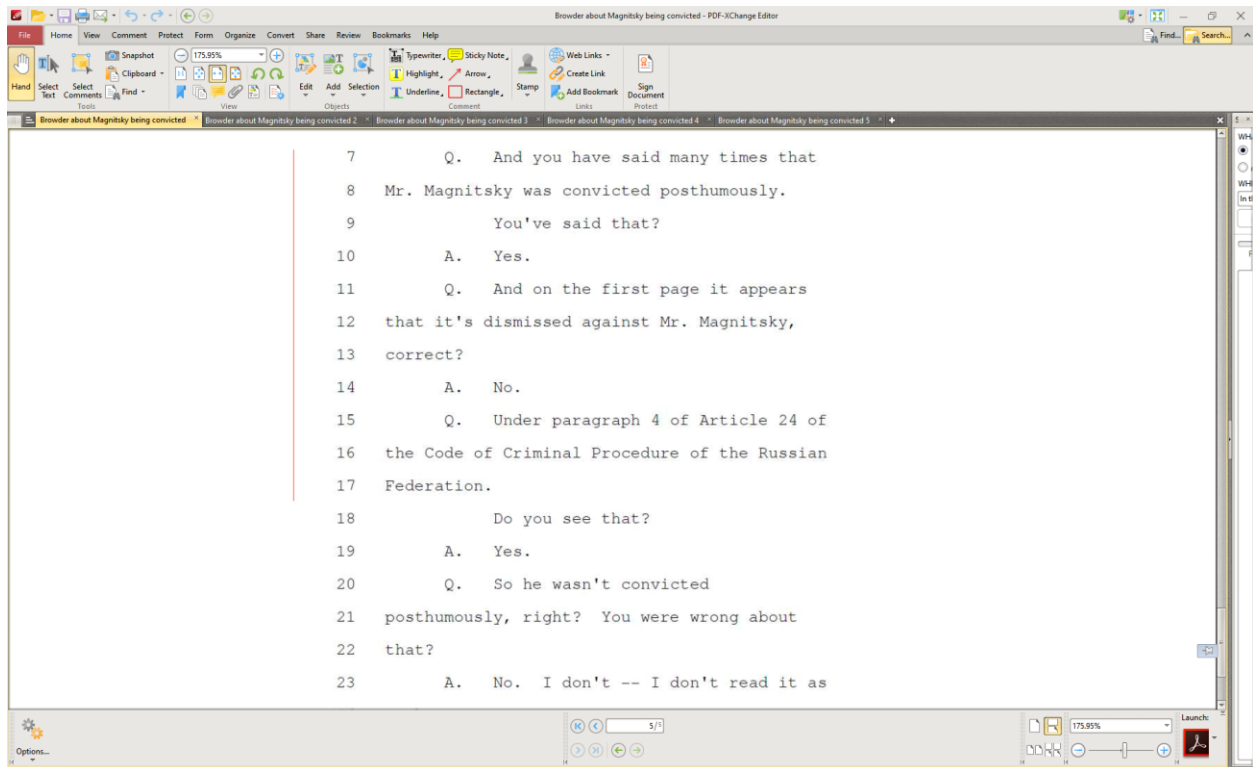


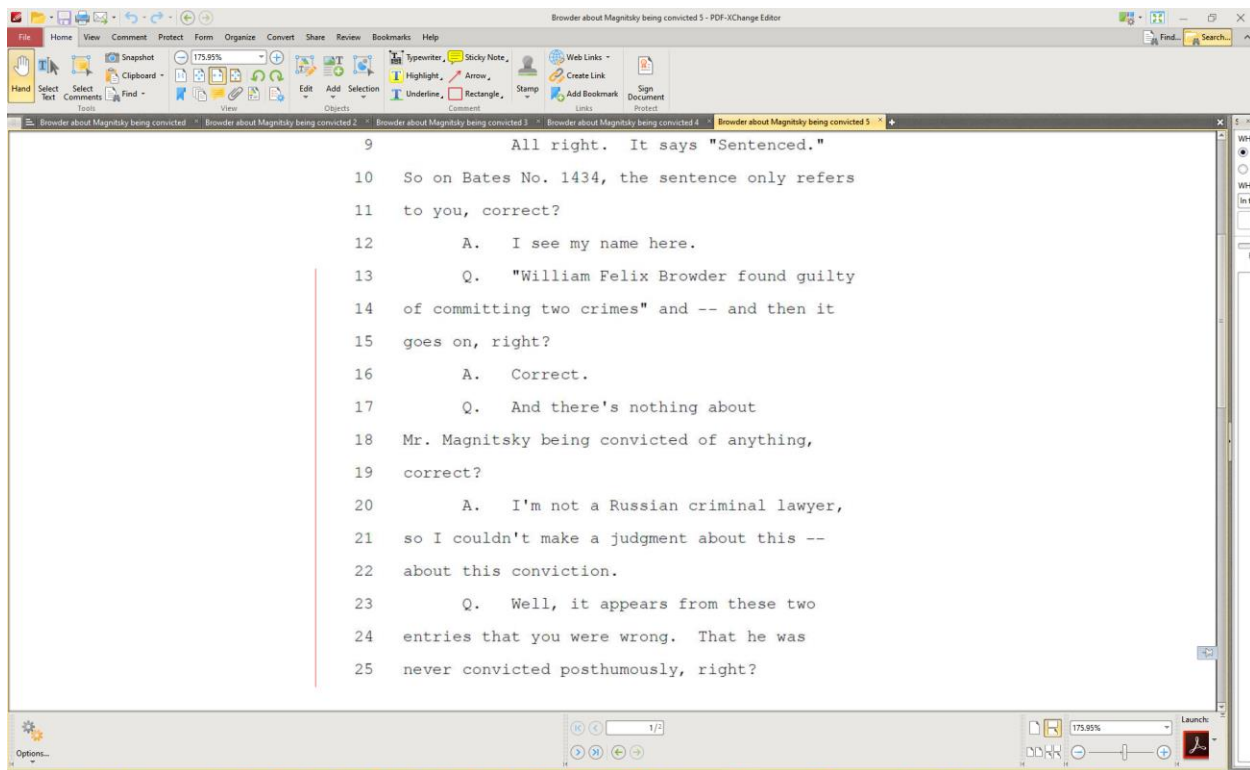
Browder lied that Magnitsky was convicted after his death

Under Russian law, families are allowed to request trials of deceased individuals for purpose of “rehabilitating” their reputations. Magnitsky’s family (with Browder promoting this) did that. Trial was held, Magnitsky found guilty, then cases dismissed because he was deceased.

Browder of course lied and said Magnitsky had been convicted posthumously. However, confronted with the truth, he admitted it was dismissed. Full testimony and excerpts.

<https://c1.100r.org/media/2017/10/Browder-Deposition-April-15-2015.pdf>





Browder in deposition was shown a document that the sentence referred only to him. He admits this in video. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3AQfP5R4Du4>

DOJ had to change its complaint when it discovered Browder was lying about Magnitsky's conviction.

72. In August of 2011, the Russian General Prosecutor's Office reopened the criminal case against Magnitsky, almost two years after his death. Magnitsky was charged with tax evasion in the first known posthumous prosecution in Russian history.

On July 11, 2013, Magnitsky was ~~convicted~~declared guilty, though the case was dismissed due to his death.

73. On December 14, 2012, President Barack Obama signed the Sergei Magnitsky Rule of Law Accountability Act of 2012, which directs the President to create, and publish in the Federal Register to the extent unclassified, a list of persons who, inter alia, were responsible for the detention, abuse, or death of Sergei Magnitsky; participated in efforts to conceal the legal liability for the detention, abuse, or death of Sergei Magnitsky; financially benefitted from the detention, abuse, or death of Sergei Magnitsky; or were involved in the criminal conspiracy uncovered by Sergei Magnitsky. See Pub. L. No. 112-208, 126 Stat. 1496.

74. On April 12, 2013, the United States Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control published the list called for by the Act, which includes, among others, KARPOV, KUZNETSOV, KHIMINA, and STEPANOVA. See 78 Fed. Reg. 23827-01 (Apr. 22, 2013).